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# Topic wise content

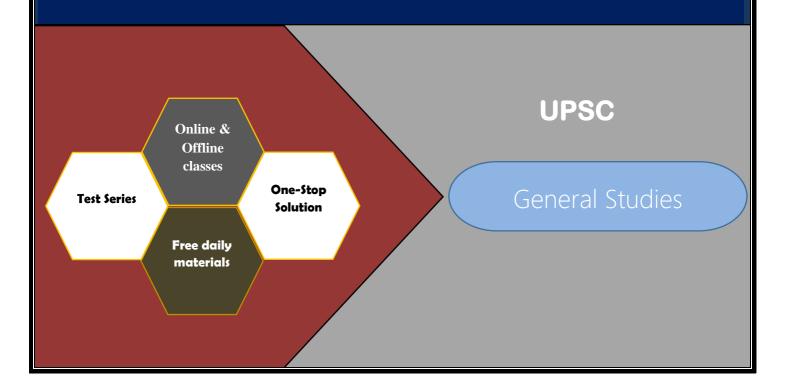


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## **Core Sectors Output**

Notes for civil services preparation





#### **Core Sectors Output**

• Output at India's eight core sectors **grew by 8.9% in June 2021 largely due to Base Effect** but the pace remained below the production levels seen before the **Covid-19** pandemic as well as its **second wave.** 

#### **Key Points**

#### **About Eight Core Sectors:**

- These comprise 40.27% of the weight of items included in the Index of Industrial Production (IIP).
- The eight core sector industries in decreasing order of their weightage: Refinery Products> Electricity> Steel> Coal> Crude Oil> Natural Gas> Cement> Fertilizers.

#### **Base Effect:**

- The base effect refers to the effect that the choice of a basis of comparison or reference can have on the result of the comparison between data points.
- For example, the base effect **can lead to an apparent under- or overstatement of figures** such as inflation rates or economic growth rates if the point chosen for comparison has an unusually high or low value relative to the current period or the overall data.
- Production of coal, natural gas, refinery products, steel, cement and electricity jumped by 4%, 20.6%, 2.4%, 25%, 4.3% and 7.2%, respectively, in June 2021, as against (-) 15.5%, (-) 12%, (-) 8.9%, (-) 23.2%, (-) 6.8% and (-) 10% in the same month last year.

#### **Index of Industrial Production:**

- IIP is an indicator that measures the changes in the volume of production of industrial products during a given period.
- It is compiled and published monthly by the National Statistical Office (NSO), Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation.
- It is a composite indicator that measures the growth rate of industry groups classified under:
  - o **Broad sectors,** namely, Mining, Manufacturing, and Electricity.
  - Use-based sectors, namely Basic Goods, Capital Goods, and Intermediate Goods.
- Base Year for IIP is 2011-2012.







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### Significance of IIP:

- It is used by government agencies including the Ministry of Finance, the Reserve Bank of India, etc, for policy-making
- IIP remains extremely relevant for the calculation of the quarterly and advance GDP (Gross Domestic Product) estimates.



